NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1888.

THE EMPEROR INSISTS UPON MARRIAGE

MSMARCK'S INFLEXIBLE DECISION TO RESIGN PRE-

CIPITATES A SERIOUS POLITICAL CRISIS-CONFLICTING REPORTS FROM THE GERMAN CAPITAL BERLIN, April 6.—It is affirmed to-night that Emperor Frederick insists upon the marriage of

his daughter to Prince Alexander. It is also stated that Emperor Frederick intended to confer upon Alexander the title of "Furst" as proof of the latter's final renunciation of his candidature for the Bulgarian throne, and thus remove all scruples regarding the betrothal of Alexander and Princess Victoria. Prince Bis-

marck, however, protested against this course. Doubts are expressed in well-informed circles as to whether the differences between Emperor Frederick and Prince Bismarck, which are believed to extend also to matters of internal policy,

can be arranged. The "National Zeitung" says that the renewed efforts to obtain the consent of the Emperer to the marriage of his daughter, Princess Victoria, to Prince Alexander have not been successful. For this reason there are no longer any grounds for a secret conflict between Prince Bismarck and the Emperor, and therefore there is no question whatever of Prince Bismarck resigning.

It is self-evident," continues this journal, " that the proposal is bound to be regarded as a matter affecting the European policy of Germany, and Prince Bismarck would therefore oppose it. in Germany the monarch is the supreme leader in Germany the monarch is the supreme leader of the State, the family connections of the dynasty can never be without importance, and for this reason especially the creation of a dynastic alliance must not be contempiated which, in the present situation in Europe, would embarrass that German policy for the support of which the Reichstag has just granted 700,000 men and three hundred million marks. To admit the possibility only of the effect of a sacrifice of this kind being weakened wishes regarding this matrimonial

million marks. To admit the possibility only of the effect of a sacrifice of this kind being weakened by personal wishes regarding this matrimonial alliance would be to mistake the position of our Imperial house. The consent of the Emperor to the alliance will surely be refused."

The "Cologne Gazette" says: "Political considerations forbid in the most positive manner an alliance between Prince Alexander and Princess Victoria, as tending to an immediate disturbance of the relations between Germany and Russia. In any case it would be impossible for Prince Bismarck, in view of his attitude toward Russia until now, to continue to conduct affairs were Prince Alexander to become a member of the Imperial house. The proposed betrothal having during the last few days been imparted to Prince Bismarck, the Chancellor explained his views frankly and openly and requested permission to resign in the event of the Emperor's approving the alliance. Until this decision has been arrived at the crisis will continue."

THE CROWN PRINCE'S BANQUET SPEECH. AN OFFICIAL REPORT PUT FORTH TO SOOTHE THE

NATION-FILIAL PEELING IN ABUNDANCE. Berlin, April 6 .- Owing to comments based upon mutilated version of the remarks the Crown Prince made in toasting Prince Bismarck at the latter's birth-day banquet recently, "The North German Gazette" to-day prints the official text of the speech. In it the Crown Prince said:

Crown Prince said:

Of the last forty years none has been of to serious or weighty an import as the present one. The Emperor you so faithfully served for twenty-seven years is gone to his rest, and the people are cheering the present ruler, who shared in founding the greatness of the Fatherland. Your Highness, like us all, will serve with him with the same old German, manly loyaity. To use a military illustration, I will compare the present situation with that of a regiment advancing to an attack. Its commander has fallen, but the next in command, though hard hit, rides boildy in advance of all, his gaze fixed on the flag which its bearer waves on high. Thus does your Highness hold the banner of the Empire, and may it long be permitted to you, in conjunction with our beloved and revered Emperor, to hold on high the Imperial flag. God bless and protect the Emperor and your Highness.

WHOLESALE CONVICTIONS IN IRELAND. LEAGUERS PLOTTING TO MEET ON AN ISLAND IN THE SHANNON.

Dublin, April 6.—Father Kennedy and sixteen farmers of County Cork have been convicted of attend-ing a National League meeting in a proclaimed district and sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

The Irish Privy Council has decided to proclaim the National League meeting, which it was proposed to

The police of Clare have warned the League that the need to be held there on Sunday will be prevented by force. The Leaguers are planning to de-feat the authorities and have chartered boats to convey people to one of the Islands in the Shaunon, where a meeting will be addressed by several members of the House of Commons.

A HASTY CABINET MEETING IN LONDON. LONDON, April 6 .- A Cabinet Council was hastily summoned to-day by telegraph. Many of the Ministers came a long distance to take part in the conference. It is supposed that the subjects

Lord Salisbury conferred for an hour to-day with Baron de Staal, the Russian Ambassador. PEACE ON THE BARBARY COAST. London, April 6 .- A dispatch from Tangler say

that everything remains quiet. It is generally ex-pected that a satisfactory settlement of the differences tween the American and Moorish Governments will effected through the mediation of the British, French d Italian Ministers.

OPENING A CHINESE PORT. London, April 6.-The Chinese Government has withdraw its objections to steamers trading with Chum-

CONCESSIONS SOLD ON THE ISTHMUS. Panama, March 28 .- On March 1 the solo right to manufacture, import and sell ice in the Department of Panama was sold at the Ministry of the Treasury. The buyers will pay \$45,000 a year in advance. The exclusive privilege thus granted runs fifteen years. At the expiration of the concession, the ice manufactories will become Government prop-

The concession for gambling was sold by the Government for the next three years for \$147,000, and that for killing cattle for \$143,000. The State of Panama turns in to the Government over a million flollars per annum, the 1sthmus alone contributing

GERMANS SUPPLANTING THE BRITISH. Panama, March 28.-In the West Indies German steamers are driving the British out of the island trade. The Hamburg American Packet Company has seventeen steamers constantly busy.

ACTIVITY ON THE PANAMA CANAL Panama, March 28 .- At the present there is a "spurt' in canal work and great activity prevails all along the line. The dredging company is doing excellent work on the Atlantic side. Seven huge dredges are cutting their way through the interior.

ROYAL VISITORS AT FLORENCE. Florence, April 6.—The Emperor and Empress of Brazil visited Queen Victoria at the Villa Palmieri to-Queen Victoria and Prince and Princess Henry of Battenberg afterward partook of luncheon with the King and Queen of Italy at the Pitti Palace. There were also present at the luncheon other members of the royal family, Premier Crispl, Earl Cadogan and the Syndic of Florence. Covers were laid for fifty also guests. Queen Vectoria sat on the right of King Humbert, and the Empress of Brazil on the left,

THE SAALE'S PASSENGERS SAFE HOME. ndon, April 6.-Henry Irving, Miss Ellen Terry and Josef Hofmann arrived at Southampton to-day on the North German Lloyd steamer Saale. All were in good health. During the voyage the passengers were entertained with readings by Mr. Irving and piano selections by young Hofmann. Miss Terry proceeded to Bremen, on her way to Heidelberg.

THE NORTH CAROLINA BANK FORGERS. Toronto, Ont., April 6.—White and Cross, the Raleigh bank forgers, were again arraigned before a police magistrate this morning. Their counsel stated that they had consented to return to Raleigh upon the same conditions as if they had been extradited on a same conditions as it they had been extraited on a charge of forgety. It was thought that the charge of rringing stolen money into Canada should be withdrawn. Counsel for the State Bank of Norfolk insisted, how-ever upon this charge being pressed, but the magis-trate urged him to allow the money question to be settled at Raleigh. Finally the case was put over until to-morrow.

RACING IN ENGLAND. don, April 6.-The race for the Portland Stakes of 7,000 sovereigns, the winner to receive 6,000 sovereigns, the second horse 750 and the third 250, for two-year-olds, distance five furlongs, was run at Leicester to-day. It was won by three lengths, by the was committed a year ago.

ALEXANDER'S ROYAL WOOING | Duke of Portland's bay colt Donovan, by Galopin, out

Duke of Portland's bay colt Donovan, by Galopin, out of Mowerina. Douglas Baird's brown celt Eldorado was second, a length and a half ahead of A. W. Merry's brown filly Your Grace, third. The last betting was 8 to 1 against Donovan, 10 to 1 against Eldorado, 50 to 1 against Your Grace.

The race for the Excelsior Breeders' Foal Plate of 1,000 sovereigus, for two-year-olds, distance five furlongs, was won by Lord Zetland's bay colt by Springfeld, out of Pinta. There were eight starters. The last betting was 10 to 1 against the Pinta coit.

## RAILROAD INTERESTS.

DIRECTORS ISSUE A CIRCULAR LETTER.

THE RICHMOND TERMINAL. djourned meeting of the board of directo the Richmond and West Point Terminal Company was held yesterday. It was devoted largely to the preparation of a reply to the fulminations of the Libby Rice-Hollins party. Emanuel Lehman submitted his resignation as a director, but it was laid on the table and it is hoped that he will be persuaded to remain in the board. Edward Lauterbach also resigned, but by request of the board he withdrew the resignation, No action was taken with regard to choosing a successor to Alfred Sully.

The circular letter of the board to the stockholders

of the Terminal Company will be found in full elsewhere. It considers the request of the opposition stockholders for a new president and points out that this grievance is met with Mr. Sully's retirement. new president of ability and reputation is promised, but it is pointed out that a "resident of Richmond, Va.," is not needed, inasmuch as the company is a proprietary company and needs financial management more than railroading qualities in its president as the owned and controlled roads are already ably officered. The borrowing of funds to pay the interest on Terminal bonds and the dividend on the preferred stock, instead of forcing dividends from the proprietary roads is defended on the ground that the Richmond and Danville had incurred a floating debt from construction and betterment expenditures which has been wiped out, while the refunding of the debenture bonds has also been accomplished, by not using the earnings for dividends. Elaborate tables accompany the circular to show the saving of general expenses and the favorable financial condition of the Richmond and Danville. The Libby-Rice-Clark committee is criticised severely as representing the Norfolk and Western and the Georgia Company properties, antagonistic to and competitive with the Richmond Terminal property that they seek to control. The circular denounces the abuse of a bylaw providing for a call for a general meeting of stockholders which was intended to be used only in an emergency, but says, however, that if the real stockholders insist on a call for a general meeting the directors will comply with the request.

A SCHEDULE OF FREIGHT RATES AGREED TO. The meeting of the Executive Committee of the Trunk Line pool which was adjourned on Thursday night, resumed the discussion of adjusting the lake and rail freight rates yesterday. After a long session a schedule of rates was agreed to on a similar basis to lost year's scale. A detailed schedule will be issued by Commissioner Fink to-day.

MISCELLANEOUS RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE. It was reported yesterday that the security-hold-ers' committee of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas he would not oppose their attempt to secure control he would not oppose their attempt to scene touries of the management at the coming election. The repots are incorrect. It is a fact, however, that Mr. Gould has taken no act of offensiveness against the committee, and his friends intimate that the purposes of the committee may not be opposed.

Belvidere, April 6.—A rumor is affoat that the Le-

high Coal and Navigation Company will construct a line from the outskirts of Phillipsburg to Belvidere. which will connect with the Lehigh Road. This will give the company a direct connection with the Hen-dron River. This will be in opposition to the Penn-sylvania Railroad Company.

Ottawa, April 6 (Special).—Official reports to night state that the first railroad connections with the United States opening up the Canadian Northwest to American enterprise will be effected July 1. The Grand Trunk, St. Paul and Manitoba, and their connections are rapidly pushing arrangements to tap the whole territory, and promote new roads into the heart of the wheat beit from

this afternoon the case of Rice against the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, involving the question of rate dis-crimination in Javor of the Standard Oil Company came up on a demurrer to the bill. Judge Barnett argued that, recover occurred before the passage of the interstate com-merce law, and as the common law did not apply, nor could this court apply any statutory provision of any of the States to interstate commerce. Judge Jackson sustained this position and ordered the bill dismissed. Motion for an appeal was at once entered and granted.

DYING FROM A FAST OF THIRTY-NINE DAYS. COLUMBIA, April 6 (Special).—George Allen, of Alken, died yesterday of voluntary starvation. He lis almost certain that the Republicans will send a everything he ate causing him terrible pain. refused all medicine and decided to cure the disease

by starving it out. He began fasting forty days ago, and for thirty-seven days nothing but water entered his stomach. Three days ago he became uncenscious, and his family began giving him stimulants in small quantities, but it was too late, and he died on the thirty-inith day of his risst. Mr. Allen believed that by fasting for forty days he could vanquish the dis-

HEMPSTEAD WASHBURN FOR CONGRESS. CHICAGO, April 6 (Spec'al) .- 41 became a candidate at the request of my friends," said Hempstead Wasiburn, when a reporter asked him what were his reason

1Vth District. What do you think of your prospects in the con-

I think I shall be nominated without any ques tion."
Politicians generally do not share Mr. Washburn's confidence, but express the belief that he will not receive a single vote in the convention.

A FATAL SCUFFLE WITH HIS SON.

Rodolphus M. Mooney, of No. 8 Madison-ave., Yonkers, got into a quarrel with his son Thomas P. Mooney, age4 twenty-five, on Wednesday evening and according to the son's account drew a pistol and attemped to shoot him. Thomas grabbed the pistol and in the scuffle for its possession which followed, the elder Mooney was thrown down a pair of stairs. Thomas took the pistol to police headquarters after putting his father in bed and there reported what had occured. An officer was sent to see if his father had been

hurt and found him asleep apparently uninjured, but about 9 o'clock Thursday morning he was found to be dead. An examination showed that death had resulted from a fracture of the skull caused by the fall. Aftre careful investigation the coroner's jury last evening rendered a verdict exonerating the son from blame.

TAXING THE SURPLUS OF BANKS. CHARLESTON, April 6 (Special) .- The Attorney-Gen-

eral of State has published an opinion that all bank surplus is subject to taxation. There are three National and six S ate banks doing business here. Their capital is \$1,215,000, and their surplus \$1,105,-000. The Attorney-General's decision imposes on them an additional tax of nearly \$38.0 0. On the them an additional tax of nearly \$38,0.0. On the heels of this comes the statement that Northein and Western Insurance companies who have been swin let by the insurance fraud lately unearthed are about to take steps to recover the money lost. The amount of policies thus paid is estimated at from \$75.000 to \$100,000. The insurance companies will bring suit to recover amounts of losses, and all Charleston banks which cashed or collected forged drafts will be held responsible.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS IN TRENTON.

TRENTON, April 6 (Special) .- The Republican city convention was held to-night. Frank A. was nominated for Mayor, Dr. Charles H. Dunham for school superintendent, and Erwin V. Richards for reciver of taxes. Oliver O. Bowman, who was noninated for Mayor by the Democrats on Wednesday refused the nomination and Charles B. Yard was to night given the nomination in his place.

ISSUE OF NEW BONDS IN SOUTH CAROLINA. COLUMBUS, S. C., April 6 (Special).-The recent Legislature authorized the issue of \$400,000 4 1-2 per cent bonds to take the place of the 6 per cent nds the terms of which expire this year. Eighty eight thousand dollars of 6 per cent bonds were ex-changed to-day for the 4 1.2 per cent. The State Tresurer intimates that they will command a pre-mium of 10 per cent in three years. The financial condition of the State is excellent.

SEDALIA, Mo., AIril 6 (Special).-The convention of Missouri wool growers was addressed to-day by President Wallace. Mr. Wallace traced the decline in the value of wool products from the legislation of 1883. He called attention to the pending attempt of the Democratic Congress to damage the wool p. od-uct, and resolutions supporting a policy of protection were passed.

A WIFE MURDERER HANGED. COLUMBIA, S. C., April 6 (Special), -Prophet Fraze DECLARING THE STRIKE ENDED.

TWO HUNDRED MEN TO BE RESTORED. REPORTS CURRENT IN CHICAGO RESPECTING ERS NOT TO BE RESTORED AT ONCE. [BT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

CHICAGO, April 6.-A report which appears to have good foundation prevailed to-night that the strike of the Burlington engineers and firemen has been declared off and at least 200 of the strikers will be

placed on the road as soon as possible.

CHICAGO, April 6 (Special).—The latest rumor respecting the Burlington strike is that the strikers have informed the company that they are willing to go back on one condition only, and that is that they be taken back in a body. The general passenger agent of the road said: "It is false that we are willing to take back the old engineers in a body. We are not and we never will desert the men who came to our one of those men who shows himself capable and comone of those men who shows himself capable and competent. Of course from time to time we will have cause for dismissing some of these men, and we will always be glad to take back one of our old hands to fill the vacancy. We may find men who are incompetent. Almost all the new men we obtained have proven themselves capable men and they will never be discharged to make room for strikers. We haven't more than seventy-five vacancies in all, and we might possibly take back the most competent of the strikers, if they surrendered and offered their services on the old terms.<sup>3</sup>

Chalrman Hoge denied that any negotiations of the Old terms."

Chairman Hoge denied that any negotiations of the sort alluded to had been carried on between the strikers and the road. "We go back on the terms we offered or not at all," he said.

LIKELY TO ACCEPT MR. CARNEGIE'S PLAN. Pittsburg, April 6 (Special).—It is now believed that the strikers at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works at Braddock will accept Mr. Carnegie's propositions. About 2,500 men are idle. A meeting will be held trict of the Knights of Labor will request the men there of the Knights of Labor will request the men to return to work. One striker said that the non-union men, who are in the majority, are restless and ready to return to work, and for that reason the Knights found it useless to continue the struggle. It is said that Mr. Carnegle has agreed to accept a two instead of three vears trial of his plan. The men who are thrown o of work by the twelve-hour system will be employ: 'n Carnegle's armor plate mill.

THE "BOSS PREWERS WILL NOT ARBITRATE The application of the Arbitration Committee of the Central Labor Union to the local officers of the United States Brewers' Association to meet the committees and arbitrate on the troubles between the "b-sses" and the fourneymen brewers was denied yesterday by and the journeymen brewers was denied yesterday by secretary A. E. Seiffert, and the committee will not be received. The association does not admit that there is any trouble. It stands by its original announcement, not to give any more contracts to the employes and ignores their efforts at coercion. The committee will report to the Central Labor Union tomorrow, and the opinion is expressed by the members that to gain their point the journeymen must sirke.

DISTRICT DELEGATES FROM VERMONT. A MAJORITY OF THOSE ELECTED FAVOR THE NOM-

INATION OF BLAINE. St. Albans, April 6 (Special).-Vermont Republicans, through the district conventions held this week, have selected eight delegates to represent them in the Chicago Convent'on. The delegation is made up of ex-Governor Redfield Proctor, of Proctor; General John G. McCullough, of Bennington; Colonel Julius J. Estey, of Brattelbora; Frank Pumley, of Northfield; Captain Buel J. Derby, of Burlington; Carleton W. Read, of Addison; S. D. Hobson, of Brighton, and Henry C. Ide, of St. Johnsbury, the two last named delegates having been elected at the second district convention held here on Thursday. Mr. Hobson is a leading farmer and lumberman of Essex County and is a member of the Republican State Committee. He was a State Senator in 1884. Mr. Ide is a prominent lawyer in Caledonia County and was State Senator in 1884. He was president of the Republican State Committee. The delegation is a strong one and includes two manufacturers, two farmers, two lawyers, one business man and one railroad president. A majority of the delegation favor Blaine for President, and all of the delegates would vote for Mr. Blaine should his candidacy be urged in the convention by the delegates from the doubtful States. The sertiment of the assembled delegates in the State and district conventions was pronoused for Blaine, and if he had been a candidate for the nomination, Vermont would have sent a solid delegation that would have been first, last, and all the time for James G. Blaine. The headquarters of the Vermont delegation at Chicago will be at the Leland Hotel, at which house rooms have been secured for them by Colonel George W. Hooker, the member of the National Committee from this State. ide is a prominent tawyer in Caledonia County and

FOR SHERMAN IN SOUTH CAROLINA. Charleston, April 6 (Special).-The political cam-

DEMOCRATS CHOSEN IN WASHINGTON. Washington, April 6.-The Democratic Convention

o elect delegates to represent the District of Columof a at the National Convention to be held in St. Louis in June selected William Dishon and Lawrence Gard-

CONNECTICUT REPUBLICANS AROUSED.

GREAT INTEREST IN THE LEAGUE'S CONVENTION-A REPRESENTATIVE GATHERING OF THE PARTY. NEW-HAVEN, April 6 (Special).-The prospects are nost favorable for the success of the State Conver of Republicans and Republican clubs, which will open here on Tuesday. In all parts of the State the liveliest interest is manifested in the assembly, and there is every reason to think that it will be one of the mor notable gatherings of the party that has been held in some time. Delegates will be sent from the various school districts in towns where no clubs have yet formed, so that it will be a thoroughly representative Republican assembly.

made by the Young Republican League of the State, in carrying out the great work of the National League -complete party organization. The State League has already over twenty local clubs formed and in good working order. It proposes to increase this number until, if possible, every Republican in the State is en-rolled. The object of the convention is to bring this matter before the members of the party for full dis-cussion, and to adopt such means as will be thought best to give effect to the ideas of the League. There has been slight friction between the members of th owing to a slight misunderstanding as to the purposes of the new organization. But now that it is generally understood that the League purposes to act in entire harmony with the party, harmony has been restored and all classes, old and young, will be found at the convention. The League will hold a meeting before the convention and one after it adjourns, to enable all newly-formed clubs not in the State orga-

zation to join it.

President Foster, of the National League, Secretar, Humphreys, of the National Executive Committee, and Humphreys, of the National Executive Committee, and Governor Lounsbury will be present and make speeches, and it is expected that senator Hawley will attend, if it is possible for him to get away from Washington. There will also be addresses made by well-known leaders of the party in this and other States. Members of the committee of organization say that the convention will be even greater than they anticipated "Without doubt," one of them temarked to day," we shall have an overwhelming crowd of delegates from all parts of the State, and they will go back to their towns full of enthusiasm and prepared to organize clubs without delay. This convention and meeting of the State League will prove one of the most important events in the political history of Connecticut this year, and will bring grand results to the party in this Etate."

HARRISBURG, Penn., April 6.—Judge McPherson filed an opinion to-day in the case of the Commonwealth a claim for tax on gross receipts. The opinion hold that if such corporation carries on in Pennsylvania the business of internal commerce, its receipts therefrom may be taxed precisely as if it were a domestic corporation. The suit was for tax for the latter half of the year 1886 and the claim of the Commonwealth was reduced from \$5.94108 to \$2,08179.

BLAMED FOR THE RICH HILL DISASTER. CHICAGO, April 6 .- A dispatch from Nevada, Mo., to "The Times," says. "The coroner's jury in session since Friday at Rich Hill, Mo., with its investigation of the explosion in the Keith & Perry mine No. 6, rendered a verdict at noon yesterday. competent. Keith & Perry were censured for culpa-ble negligence. The owners of the mine have en-gaged the best legal talent. A successor to Wolfe will be appointed by Governor Morehouse.

THE CLAIM OF KENTUCKY SUSTAINED. LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 6.-Judge Jackson in the United States Circuit Court this morning affirmed the DESTROYED BY FLOODS.

HOUSES AND BRIDGES CARRIED AWAY A WESTERN VILLAGE ALMOST EFFACED - DAMAGE DONE BY LIGHTNING AND RAIN.

Mason City, Iowa, April 6 .- At the town of Rock Falls, on the banks of the Shell Rock River, the fron bridge, 155 feet long, and the dam were washed short of \$25,000. About two weeks ago the ice in the Shell Rock River formed a gorge miles in exten and in some places piled up twenty feet high. The heavy rain of Thursday raised the water in the sloughs and creeks, which poured into the river, forcing it beyond its banks and loosening the ice gorge, which came down the river, sweeping every thing before it. The village of Rock Falls was in undated. Houses and barns were crushed and swep away. The house of Mr. Cruikshank, where he lived with his wife and three children, was crushed like ar he could get a lamp, the water in his room was up to his walst. He pushed two of his children with her babe refusing to leave. The woman rushed with her child to the upper story of the house just the roof by jumping on the floating ice, where they remained for two hours until daylight, when neigh bors rescued them.

A house in which Mrs. Anderson lived with he five children was swept from its foundation and alighted against some trees where it lodged, the woman and children escaping on the floating ice, where they remained barefooted and in their night clothes until daylight, when the water receded and The large bridge went out when the ice gorge gave

way, and portions of the trusses and stringers are now be seen on the farm of Joseph Herret, where dam. Miles of fences were torn from the land where the water was never known to reach before. the water receded it left immense piles of ice in the

streets. Cakes three feet thick are piled upon one another ten to fifteen feet high. Thomas Eperrett, one of the founders of the town, was taken suddenly ill in the night and telegraphed for a physician, who arrived at the swollen river, but could not cross. Then from both sides of the river they attempted to get a line across to haul over the medicine but were unsuccessful. Kites were tried, but the wind blew a gale and this scheme was abandoned Wooden ramrods with strings tied to them were fired

from guns, but all to no avail. Easton, Penn., April 6 (Special).-A thunder storm passed over this region last night. Lightning struck a barn in Mt. Bethel, destroying it and also a large barn near Point Pleasant, Bucks County, causing loss of \$6,000. In this city a house occupied by light plant sustained two shocks, the second so severe darkness from 11 o'clock till dawn. To-day the rivers rose steadily. The Lehigh is over the canal towpath in places, stopping navigation. The cotton mills have been closed. The Delaware backed water into the Bushkill, flooding the lower stories of some houses

and mills. Sioux City, Iowa, April 6.—A whirlwind passed over this city yesterday. It struck in only one place, in the extreme northwest part of the city, and then rebounded in the air, passing rapidly over the western suburbs. At the place where the cloud struck it picked up the residence of Mark Modlin and hurled it to the ground in the rear of the lot. Mrs. Modlin was severely hurt. The house of Mr. Richmond was wrecked and a barn near by was split into kindling wood. At sibley a tornade swept over the country doing great damage to property. A large chimney on the public school building crashed through the roof into the midst of the teachers' institute, but aside from a few slight bruises, no one was hurt.

Rochester, N. Y., April 6.—At Livonia, on the Eric Railroad, a culvert was washed out and trains have to transfer passengers and baggage to-day. The Western New-York and Penusylvania Railroad was reported to be in bad shape. Washouls were said to have occurred in three or four places.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 6.—The heavy rains of last.

Reported to be in tag snape. Washous were said to have occurred in three or four places.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 6.—The heavy rains of last night caused a washout on the Eric Rallway at Grisswold's, about twenty miles from Buffalo. The freight train that left at midnight went into the ditch with thirteen cars.

Elmira, N. Y., April 6.—The engine of passenger train No. 12 on Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railway ran off the track difty-five miles east of Buffalo, about midnight last night. Fireman Hoyt Bogart, of Elmira, was killed and Engineer John Thompson, of Elmira, was badly hurt. The accident was caused by the washout of a culvert.

Centreville, Mich., April 6.—James Parsons's barn in Sherman Township was struck by lightning yesterday and destroyed. Mr. Parsons and his little child and a Mrs. Yakee were instantly killed.

St. Paul, Minn., April 6.—Dispatches from points

St. Paul, Minn., April 6.—Dispatches from points in Dahota reported heavy rains and raging rivers. The river was bank full at Washburn and still rising, and the bottom lands below were flooded for miles. At South Hart the railway bridge was swept away and all trains were temporarily abandoned.

Delphi, Ind., April 6.—At Sieethe, five miles north of this place, the storm was like a tornado. Several houses were blown down and a freight train on the Monon Line was lifted from the track. No one was injured.

THE CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION AT MARIETIA. Marietta, Ohlo, April 6.-This has been a great day for Marietta, although to morrow is her centenary. Her streets are clowded with visitors. Senator Hoar from Massachusetts: Randolph Tucker, of Virginia William Herry Smith, of New-York; D. Fisher, of Michigan, grandson of Commodore Whipple; Pro-fessor Putnam, of Massachusetts; H. W. Nickerson, Commissioner from Michigan; H. B. Mitchell, Com missioner from Minnesota. B. Wilson Smith, of "The Lafaye te Journal," Commissioner from Indiana; N. P. Smith, of Paris, Ill., were among the prominent personages arriving to-day. There were numerous delegations from historical societies and clubs from delegations from historical societies and clubs from different cities. Marietra is a forest of flags and bright faces, and the memories of the ploneers crowd upon her guests and dwellers like a tale of romance. The public exectses to day were by the Historical Society. An interesting abdress was delivered by William Farrar, of Cambbidge. Ohio, entitled, "why Ohio is Called the Buckeye State," William P. Cutler, of this city, read a paper on the subject of a monument at Marietra, to commemorate the important historical events that come as a full linear of the past as well as the foundations of the future. He spoke of the Monumental Association, incorporated to carry out the purposes of such a structure. The society in the afternoon visited the ancient earthworks near the city, and in the evening ilsened to an address by William Henry Smith.

WHAT SENATOR HALE'S COMMITTEE FOUND. PHILADELPHIA April 6 (Special).—The inquiry into the abuse of the Civil Service as charged against Postmaster Harrity was continued to-day by Senator Hale's Committee. Frederick Gerker, Collector of Internal Revenue of the Ist Pennsylvania district, testified that on his entrance into the office there were sixty-two employes, all Republicans, but at present there are only four Republicans, the remainder being Democrats. Collector of the Port Cadwalader testified that when he entered into the office it required reorganization, because the employes were careless and negligent. In regard to removals and appointments, he said that he had 236 employes all told, of whom there were fifty Republicans whom he retained. In making appointments he did not consider the matter of service in the ments he did not consider the matter of service in the Army; his relations with the men were dictated solely by their fitness or unitiess for the office. by their fitness or unitiess for the office, by their fitness or unities for the office. Letter Carrier Peter A. Fitzpatrick sisted that he had Letter Carrier Peter A. Fitzpatrick sisted that he had paid political assessments before and since his appointment to a position over two years ago. John F. Cassidy, a life-long Democrat and a soldier, gave the names of twenty-two Union soldiers, from majornames of twenty-two Union soldiers, from majornames down to privates, who had been discharged generals down to privates, who had been discharged by Collector Cadwalader. Colonel James A. McPherson told a similar story. A number of discharged simply letter carriers testified to having been discharged simply letter carriers testified to having been discharged simply because they were Republicans. The hearings were adjourned. If necessary the investigation will be continued in Washington.

THE STANDARD OIL TRUST UNDER FIRE. WASHINGTON, April 6.—The House Committee on Manufactures to-day began an inquiry into the alleged Standard Oil Trust. Henry Webster, of Bradford, Penn., testified that he was a member of the Oil Well Drillers' Union, a secret labor organization in the Pennsylvania oil fields. He produced a copy of the agreement entered into on December 22, 1887, between the executive board of the Producer's Protective Assoclation and the executive board of the Well Drillers' Union, previding that the former shall pay to the union, previding that the former shall pay to the union the profits on one million barrels of oil and the residue on another million barrels that may remain after paying the other classes of labor injured by the shut down movement, these profits to be distributed among the members of the union who have been thrown out of employment. For this compensation no member of the union shall engage in the drilling or cleaning out of any well in the light oil fields without the consent of an officer of the association in the dis-trict to which he belongs. The purpose of the shut down was to dimnish the production and to decrease the surplus of oil. The inquiry was then adjourned.

FACTORIES BURNED IN AMESBURY. PROPERTY WORTH NEARLY \$1,000,000 DE-

THE BUSINESS PORTION OF THE TOWN IN RUINS. AMESBURY, Mass., April 6.—Fire began last night in the woodshop of the F. A. Babcock Carriage Com-pany's manufactory and spread rapidly to three other buildings owned by Mr. Babcock, which were destroyed. Other carriage manufacturers suffered heavy losses and about one-half the business portion of the town was destroyed. Five dwellings are among the burned buildings. Over 1,000 persons were thrown out of employment. The householders who were burned out Frank Sands, Wingate Morse, Granville Dow, Mrs. Morse, James Dormack and Mrs. Fannie Brown. The eight factories burned were stiuated in Railroad ave., Chestnut-st. and Carriage-ave. F. A. Babcock and Carriage aves., and was the largest factory of those that were destroyed. Starting there the fire aftacked the factories in the order given: A. N. Parry & Co.'s large brick building, N. H. Folger's two buildings, one brick and one wooden; M. M. Dennett's two wooden buildings, the Hume Carriage Company's two large wooden buildings and M. M.

Company's two large wooden buildings and M. M. Dennett and C. N. Dennett's two wooden buildings. Every firm had a large stock of goods on hand in storehouses for the spring business.

The following is a revised list of the losses and insurance, with the exception of A. N. Parry & Co., whose loss cannot be estimated at present: F. A. Rabcock & Co., loss \$200,000, insurance about \$100,000; N. H. Folger, loss \$75,000, insurance \$26,000; C. N. Dennett, loss \$45,000, insurance \$10,000; M. M. Dennett, loss \$48,000, insurance \$12,000; Lambert Hollander, loss \$18,000, insurance \$9,500; John M. Clark & Co., loss \$45,000, insurance \$10,000. The loss on dwelling houses has not yet been ascertained. The fire covered an area of 332 acres. The total loss will come inside of a million dollars.

TWO TENEMENT-HOUSES SET ABLAZE. THE FLAMES PUT OUT QUICKLY, HOWEVER -

Nearly one hundred men, women and children liv-ing in the five-story, double tenement house No. 210 Delancey-st. were put in peril by incendiary fires early yesterday morning. The Bergman and Halpin families on the first floor were aroused by smoke at by the family of Gerson Zygus on the same floor removing furniture from their rooms. Halpin started to run to the nearest engine house, and on his way out of the tenement house he found a pail with some varnish burning in it. The pail was near the cellar

ninutes and put out the fire in the bedroom. Varnish had been plastered on the woodwork of the room nish had been plastered on the woodwork of the room and in the hall of the house. In the cellar a packing hox was found on fire also. Plainly an attempt had been made to burn the house down. Twenty young thildren slept on the upper floors, and if the fire had galand much headway there probably would have been a shocking loss of life. After the discovery of the fire there was a panic in the house, and several families fled from the upper floors. The damage by the flames was slight. Zygus denied that he had kindled the fires, but he was arrested and held for examination at the Essex Market Police Court. It was said that his furniture was insured for \$500 and was not worth more than \$100. Zygus and his sons are slipper makers, but they have been out of work lately. They are Polish Hebrews who came to this city about three years ago.

MILLIONS OF FEET OF LUMBER DESTROYED. Williamsport, Penn., April 6.-Fire this evening destroyed the lumber yard of Brown, Clark & Howe, burning about five million feet of pine and hewlock lamber, at a loss of about \$70,000. The insurance amounts to \$65,000.

SLIGHTLY BURNED IN THEIR HOUSE. Williamsport, Penn., April 6.—The fine home of ex Mayor H. C. Parsons was destroyed by fire this morning The loss is about covered by an insurance of \$15,250, divided among the German-American, the American of Philadelphia, and the North British and Mercantile. Mr.

A SHORT CAREER IN WALL STREET.

THE LAST " YOUNG NAPOLEON" STEALS \$1,000 TO GO WEST WITH, BUT IS CAUGHT AT THE FERRY.

A brand new "young Napoleon" has made his appear ance in Wall Street, and has succeeded in startling at least a few of the dashing speculators who flourish in that part Wall Street, however, will see the r of the aforesaid genius no more, if it knows itself. Nash is the name of the talented young man, and he live in East Eighth-st., near First-ave, For about a year he has been a messenger in the office of Culbert, Crane & Seabury, bankers, of No. 7 Wall-st. Last Tuesday afterpart of whose duties it was to put away the books and se

part of whose duties it was to put away the books and securities, quietly abstracted a handful of greenbacks and some small change and put the money away in his pockets. The total amount taken was \$1,537.50.

Ho left the bank at his usual time, and that evening when he met the "boys he runs with," at the rendezvous when he met the "boys he runs with," at the rendrzvous at First ave, and Eighth-st., he hinted broadly that he had made "a strike" at last. He confided the manner of performing the feat to two of his companions and persuaded one, Peter Houck, to share the fruits of his ill-gotten one, Peter Houck, to share the fruits of his ill-gotten gain. The two supplied themselves with new clothing and a pair of new valless, and on Thursday started for Jersey City and the West. They were much surprised, however, when they were stopped near Cortlandtst. ferry by a well-dressed man, who insisted upon their accompanying him to a downtown detective agency, with the alternative of being downtown detective agency. handed over to the police. They returned with their ne acquaintance, and were searched. All but \$115 of the

stolen money was recovered.

The bankers had not noticed their loss until Wednesday afternoon, when one of Nash's associates called at the office and informed one of the firm of the theft. Out of consider-ation for the sister and widowed mother of young Nash, he will not be prosecuted. But he will not be seen again in

CHANGES IN THE CORNELL FACULTY.

Ithaca, April 6 (Special).—The trustees of Cornell University last night accepted the resignation of Professor Flagg, who has occupied the chair of the Greek language and literature for many years. The professorships of Greek and comparative philology and now to be combined, and Professor Wheeler will add Greek to his present duties. Professor Flagg will go to California in June, where he will become the head of an educational institution. Several other varancies in the faculty are to be filled, notably a professorship In the faculty are to be filled, notably a professorship of political economy, and new men will be selected to take the places of Professors Hale and Tyler, who go abroad next year. The Board also appointed the following list of non-resident law lecturers for the coming year: Francis M. Finch, of the New-York court of Appeals: Daniel H. Chamberlain, of New-York; George S. Potter, of Buffalo; Benjamin F. Thurston, of Providence; Albert H. Walker, of Hartford: Mar-hall D. Ewell, of Chicago. Dr. Ewell is the author of several law books and also of a work on medical jurisprudence which was only recently published. Mr. Walker is the author of a work on the law of patents.

CELEBRATING A VICTORY OF LAW.

PROVIDENCE, April 6 (Special).-The Wo

Christian Temperance Union to-night held its third annual jubilee over the adoption of constitutional prohibition and incidentally celebrated Wednesday's victory. The Governor-elect, the present chief of the State police, the leading candidate for the position the state police, the leading candidate for the position under the incoming government and the probable high sheriff of Providence County, were on the platform. Mr. Taft was received with great cheering. He declared himself strongly in favor of law enforcement, and said that he believed it was now going to be done. Several of the speakers rejoiced over the recent Republican victory, claiming it as an equally great victory for prohibition.

THE WIFE OF MURDERER VOLKAIVICH ELOPES WILKESBARRE, Penn., April 6 .- Mrs. Volkavitch, wife of the murderer who was hanged here last Tuesday, eloped to-night with a butcher named Tradesdi. They went to Pittsburg, where they will be married to-morrow. The Polish people of this city are indignant at the woman's conduct.

WESTINGHOUSE STOCK RISING. PITTSBURG, April 6 (Special).-Westinghouse electric stock to-day jumped from 82 bid yesterday to sales at 100, closing at 98 bid, with 110 asked.

THE WORK OF SOME SNEAK THIRP. THE WORE OF SOME SNEAK THIRE.

Mrs. C. W. Davison, of No. 820 Lafayette-ave., Brooklyn., said yesterday that the box belonging to her husband
with Masonic jewels in it, which was found at Linwood
and Ridgewood aves., in that city, on Wednesday, and had
been stolen from her house the day before, contained diamonds, mosaics and carneos belonging to her, worth \$2,500.
She looked at the box on Monday and it was all right. On Wednesday she found the chain on the front door of the PRICE THREE CENTS.

A HIGH-LICENSE CAUCUS.

REPUBLICAN SENATORS HOLDING BACK FRARS THAT THE BILL MAY BE INJURIOUALY

AMENDED UNLESS IT IS MADE A PARTY [BT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]
ALBANY, April 6.—Senator Vedder, the chairman

of the Republican Senate Caucus Committee, announced to-day in the Senate that there would be a caucus of the Republican Senators on Monday night. He did not announce publicly the object of the caucus, but it may be stated authoritatively that it is called for the purpose of making the High License bill, recently passed by the Assembly, a party measure. Senators Sloan, Robertson, Hendricks, and other Republican Senators think there is danger that unless a caucus is held on the High License bill it may be amended injuriously when it comes up for consideration in

on the high License bill it may be amended injuriously when it comes up for consideration in the Senate on Tuesday next. There has been a good deal of talk by Republican Senators representing city constituencies, notably by Senator Worth, of Brooklyn; Senator Van Cott, of New-York, and Senator Laughlin, of Buffalo, in favor of reducing the minimum and the max mum licensi for selling beer, ale and other malt beverages. This suggestion has met with considerable support from Senator Russell, of Albany; Senator Coggeshall, of Utica, and Senator Sweet, who has the City of Auburn in his district.

Senator Gogeshall's district comprises the County of Oncida, one of the largest hop-growing counties in the State. As hops are largely used by the brewers, Mr. Coggeshall thinks that the business of the hop-growers would be seriously affected if the beer license is maintained at a high plane. He said to-day; "I think the minimum heense for beer should be \$30 and the maximum only \$100." But he also is of the opinion that as the bill now is framed many country hotels would be unable to take out a license, owing to the high rate. "Most of the hotels in my district." he said to-day, "would be unable to pay the license fee."

FEARFUL OF THE BARLEY GROWERS' RESENT.

MENT.

As for Senator Sweet, he represents the counties of Cayuga, Seneca, Tompkins and Tioga, in which a great deal of barley grows and there are several malt houses. The raisers of barley, he feared, would suffer it the beer license remains where it is. Yet Mr. Sweet's district is also a centre of temperance agitation, and there is a loud public demand in it for the passage of the High License bill. Senator Russell said to-day: "It seems to me that there is a great inequality between the licenses to be paid for the sale of spirituous liquors and those to be paid for the sale of malt beverages. Assemblyman Bagley's amendment created this inequality and it should be corrected. If it is not to be corrected it would have been far more just for the Assembly to have left the bill just as it came from the Assembly Excise Committee. Then there was an equality between the licenses for the sale of the two kinds of liquors. It seems to me the leaders of the Republican party in this State are not recognizing sufficiently the growth of a foreign population in the cities of the State; of a population that has different ideas from those prevailing in rural communities as to the right way of dealing with the liquor traffic. The vote of the Republican party is in the rural counties where population is stationary or is diminishing, while in the cities it is increasing. These facts should be considered in preparing excise laws. If I had my way I would not permit the sale of liquor, but as a lawmaker I have to consider the differing types of population in this State, and what excise law will have their support."

It will be remembered that the five Assemblymen from Erle County, two Republicans and three Democrats, all voted against the High License bill. It was, therefore, to be expected that Senator Laughlin should also be opposed to the bill, representing as he does, all these districts. "To represent faithfulle my constituency," he said to-day, "I must vote to reduce the beer heense. It

TWO SENATORS WHO "MISUNDERSTOOD." Senator Laughlin swerved from the line of his speech on the Canal Improvement bill to-day to say that the leaders of the Republican party were misapprehending the desires of the Republicans who live in the cities in their recent advice respecting temperance legislation. Mr. Laughlin also informed the Senate that he voted under a misapprehension of its character, on Tuesday, for Senator Lewis's bill limiting the number of saloons in every city or town to one for every 530 of population. "Buffalo has so grown in population," said Senator Laughlin to "The Tribune" correspondent, "that such a bill, if it became a law, would vastly diminish the number of saloons in that city." that the leaders of the Republican party were

"misunderstood" the character of the bill and desired to have that fact recorded on the journal. Senator Coggeshall then informed the Senate that he also had "misunderstood" the bill of Senator Lewis, or he would not have voted for it. The bill was passed with nineteen affirmative votes in its favor. Subtracting the votes of Senators Laughlin and Coggeshall and the bill would have received only seventeen votes, just sufficient to pass it.

Senator Hendricks regards the Lewis bill as one of the most radical temperance measures ever

Senator Hendricks regards the Lewis bill as one of the most radical temperance measures ever passed in a House of the Legislature.

"If that Lewis bill becomes a law," said Senator Cantor, Democrat, of New-York, yesterday, "it will reduce the number of saloons in New-York from 10,000 to 5,000."

Senator Rehertson said today, "Lemin favor

From 10,000 to 5,000."

Senator Robertson said to-day: "I am in favor of passing the High License bill just as it came from the Assembly. If people wish to lower the beer license after the bill becomes a law they can introduce a supplemental bill. We should not in any case return the bill to the Assembly. It would be perilous to do so."

Senator Sloan, of Oswego County, and Senator Hendricks expressed precisely the same views.

ONE CITY SENATOR FRANKLY FOR HIGH LICENSU.

One city Senator is frankly for the bill. This is Eugene F. O'Connor, one of the Republican Senators from Brooklyn. "It is my opinion," he said this afternoon " that we should pass the High License bill as it came from the Assembly without an amendment. The bill is an excellent one as it stands and should be accepted by the Senate. It will have my hearty support and I shall vote

It will have my hearty support and I shall vote against amending it in any way."

There is some hope among the friends of the High License bill that two Democrats, Senator Linson, of Kingston, and Senator McNaughton, of Rochester, will vote for it. Senator Linson was the only Democrat who voted for Senator Lewis's bill limiting the number of saloons; while Senator McNaughton owed his election to the votes of a large number of temperance Republicans who botted the nomination of a Republican for Senator who had formerly been in the liquor business. But if the Democratic Senators all vote to amend the bill, as it is now expected they will, and six Republican Senators vote with them, a majority will be obtained for the change. It is clear from the taik of the lobbyists who are working against the High License bill that they hope to persuade six Republican Senators to vote to amend the bill. It is also evident that the six Republican Senators from whom these votes are expected are Senator Worth, of Brooklyn; Senator Van Cott, of New-York; Senator Russell, of Albany; Senator Coggeshall, of Utica; Senator Sweet, of Waterloo, and Senator Laughlin, of Buffalo. Two of the Republican Senators, Mr. Worth and Mr. Laughlin, it is believed, will not vote for the bill, no matter what amendments are made to it. The following fourteen Republican Senators, it is thought, will oppose any amendment of the bill, and vote for it as it scands: Senators Hawkins, O'Connor, Low, Deane, Erwin, Kellog, Sloan, Fasset, Robertson, Lewis, Hendricks, Vedder, Walker and Raines, Under the circumstances, the caucus of the Republican Senators on Monday night on the High Under the circumstances, the caucus of the Re-publican Senators on Monday night on the High License bill will be looked upon with great in-terest by the public.

NEW QUARANTINE NOMINATIONS. THE GOVERNOR NAMES FOR THE COMMISSION MAR-TIN M. DAY, GEORGE W. ANDERSON AND GEN-

ERAL JOHN COCHRANE. ALBANY, April 6 .- " Now you see the little jokes -now you don't," and with these words the great professor of "peanut politics," the Honomble David B. Hill, lifted a thimble and disclosed a new set of Quarantine Commissioners for New-York. The Senators who have repeatedly witnessed this crowning feat of the trickster yawned visibly, and Senator Cantor, the Democratic leader, made haste to pull down the curtain on the performance by moving that the nominations be referred to the Committee on Com-merce and Navigation. The men nominated are Martin N. Day and George W. Anderson, of Brooklyn, and John Cochrane, of

Messre. Anderson and Coah Democrats and Mr. Day is a Republican. Mr. Day is a broker and lives in Hanson Place, Brooklyn. Four years ago he was a delegate